# سُورَةُ الْواقِعَة (٥٦)

## بِسْمِ ٱللَّهِ ٱلرَّحْمَٰنِ ٱلرَّحِيمِ

﴿إِذَا وَقَعَتِ ٱلْوَاقِعَةُ ۞ لَيْسَ لِوَقْعَتِهَا كَاذِبَةٌ ۞ خَافِضَةُ وَافِعَةٌ ۞ إِذَا رُجَّتِ ٱلْأَرْضُ رَجًّا ۞ وَبُسَّتِ ٱلْجِبَالُ بَسَّا ۞ فَكَانَتْ هَبَآءً مُّنْبَشًا ۞ وَكُنتُمْ أَزْوَاجًا ثَلَاثَةً ۞ فَكَانَتْ هَبَآءً مُّنْبَشًا ۞ وَكُنتُمْ أَزْوَاجًا ثَلَاثَةً ۞ فَأَصْحَبُ ٱلْمَيْمَنَةِ ۞ وَأَصْحَبُ الْمَيْمَنَةِ ۞ وَأَلسَّيِقُونَ السَّيِقُونَ السَّيْمَ اللَّهُ وَلِينَ ۞ وَقَلِيلُ مِنَ ٱلْأَخِرِينَ ۞ الْأَخِرِينَ ۞

### SŪRAH AL-WĀQI'AH (SŪRAH 56)

#### Bismillāhir raḥmānir raḥīm.

- 1 Idhā waqa'atil wāqi'ah.
- 2 Laysa liwaqʻatihā kādhibah.
- 3 Khāfiḍatur rāfiʻah.
- 4 Idhā rujjatil arḍu rajjā.
- 5 Wa bussatil jibālu bassā.
- 6 Fakānat habā'am mumbaththā.
- 7 Wa kuntum azwājan thalāthah.
- 8 Fa'aṣḥābul maymanati mā aṣḥābul maymanah.
- 9 Wa aṣḥābul mash'amati mā aṣḥābul mash'amah.
- 10 Wassābiqūnas sābiqūn.
- 11 Ulā'ikal muqarrabūn.
- 12 Fī jannātin na 'īm.
- 13 Thullatum minal awwalīn
- 14 Wa qalīlum minal ākhirīn.

### In the Name of Allāh, the Most Compassionate, the Most Merciful.

- 1 When the Inevitable Event takes place;
- 2 Then no (soul) will deny its happening;
- 3 Some will be brought low; and some will be exalted;
- 4 When the earth will be violently shaken to its depths,
- 5 And the mountains will crumble to dust.
- 6 So that they will become fine floating dust particles.
- 7 And you (all) will be divided into three groups (classes).
- 8 There will be those
  Companions of the Right
  Hand how (fortunate and
  blessed) will the Companions
  of the Right Hand be!
- 9 And the Companions of the Left Hand how (unfortunate) will the Companions of the Left Hand be!
- 10 And those foremost (in faith; referring to the third group) will be foremost (in the Hereafter / Paradise).
- 11 They shall be nearest to Allāh.
- 12 In Gardens of Bliss (Paradise)
- 13 A (large) group will be from the early believers.
- 14 A lesser group will from the later generations

عَلَى سُرُرِ مَّوْضُونَةٍ ١ مُّتَّكِبِينَ عَلَيْهَا مُتَقَبِلِينَ ١ يَطُوفُ عَلَيْهِمْ وِلْدَنَّ شُخَلَّدُونَ ١ إِلَّاكُونَ اللَّهِ مِأْكُوابِ وَأَبَارِيقَ وَكَأْسٍ مِّن مَّعِينِ ۞ لَّا يُصَدَّعُونَ عَنْهَا وَلَا يُنزِفُونَ ۞ وَفَكِهَةٍ مِّمَّا يَتَخَيَّرُونَ ۞ وَلَحْمِ طَيْرِ مِّمَّا يَشْتَهُونَ ۞ وَحُورٌ عِينُ ١ كَأَمْثَلِ ٱللُّؤلُوِ ٱلْمَكْنُونِ ١ جَزَآءً بِمَا كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ ١ لَا يَسْمَعُونَ فِيهَا لَغْوًا وَلَا تَأْثِيمًا ١ إِلَّا قِيلًا سَلَمًا سَلَمًا ١ وأَصْحَبُ ٱلْيَمِينِ مَا أَصْحَبُ ٱلْيَمِينِ ۞ فِي سِدْرِ مَّخْضُودٍ ۞ وَطَلْحٍ مَّنضُودٍ ۞ وَظِلِّ مَّمْدُودٍ شَ

- 15 'Alā sururim mawḍūnah.
- 16 Muttaki'īna 'alayhā mutaqābilīn.
- 17 Yaṭūfu 'alayhim wildānum mukhalladūn.
- 18 Bi'akwābiw wa abārīqa wa ka'sim mim ma'īn.
- 19 Lā yuṣadda'ūna 'anhā wa lā yunzifūn.
- 20 Wa fākihatim mimmā yatakhayyarūn.
- 21 Wa laḥmi ṭayrim mimmā yashtahūn.
- 22 Wa hūrun 'īn.
- 23 Ka'amthālil lu'lu'il maknūn.
- 24 Jazā'am bimā kānū ya'malūn.
- 25 Lā yasma'ūna fīhā laghwaw wa lā ta'thīmā.
- 26 Illā qīlan salāman salāmā.
- 27 Wa aṣḥābul yamīni mā aṣḥābul yamīn.
- 28 Fī sidrim makhḍūd.
- 29 Wa ṭalḥim manḍūd.
- 30 Wa zillim mamdūd.

- 15 (They will reside) on thrones encrusted (with gold and precious stones).
- 16 Reclining on them, facing each other.
- 17 Youths of immortality (freshness) will go around (serving) them.
- 18 With goblets, (shining) beakers, and cups (filled) with the purest of wine.
- 19 Which will neither cause headaches nor intoxication.
- 20 Along with fruits of their choice.
- 21 And the meat of any that they may desire.
- 22 And fair maidens (Ḥūr) with beautiful, big, and lustrous eyes
- 23 Like preserved and well-guarded pearls.
- 24 A reward for the (good) deeds of their past (life).
- 25 No vain talk will they hear therein (Paradise), nor any sinful speech.
- 26 But only the saying, "Peace! Peace".
- 27 And those Companions of the Right Hand how (fortunate and blessed) will the Companions of the Right Hand be!
- 28 (They will be) among thornless Lote-trees.
- 29 And among Țalḥ (banana or acacia) trees with fruits piled (in clusters) one above another.
- 30 And in an overspreading shade,

وَمَآءٍ مَّسْكُوب ﴿ وَفَكِهَةٍ كَثِيرَةٍ ﴿ لَا مَقْطُوعَةٍ وَلَامَمْنُوعَةٍ ٣ وَفُرُشٍ مَّرْفُوعَةٍ ١ إِنَّا أَنْشَاْنَهُنَّ إِنشَاءً اللهُنَّ أَبْكَارًا اللهُ عُرُبًا أَثْرَابًا اللهُ لِإَصْحَب ٱلْيَمِينِ ﴿ ثُلَّةً مِّنَ ٱلْأُوَّلِينَ ﴿ وَثُلَّةً مِّنَ ٱلْأَخِرِينَ ﴾ وَأَصْحَابُ ٱلشِّمَالِ مَا أَصْحَابُ ٱلشِّمَالِ ١ فِي سَمُومِ وَحَمِيْمٍ ١ وَظِلِّ مِّن يَحْمُومٍ ١ لَلْ بَارِدٍ وَلَا كُريمٍ ١ إِنَّهُمْ كَانُواْ قَبْلَ ذَالِكَ مُتْرَفِينَ ٥ وَكَانُواْ يُصِرُّونَ عَلَى ٱلْحِنثِ ٱلْعَظِيمِ ١

- 31 Wa mā'im maskāb.
- 32 Wa fākihatin kathīrah.
- 33 Lā maqṭū'atiw wa lā mamnū'ah.
- 34 Wa furushim marfū'ah.
- 35 Innā ansha'nāhunna inshā'ā.
- 36 Faja 'alnāhunna abkārā.
- 37 'Uruban atrābā.
- 38 Li'aṣḥābil yamīn.
- 39 Thullatum minal awwalīn.
- 40 Wa thullatum minal ākhirīn.
- 41 Wa aṣḥābush shimāli mā aṣḥābush shimāl.
- 42 Fī samūmiw wa ḥamīm.
- 43 Wa zillimmiy yaḥmum.
- 44 Lā bāridiw walā karīm.
- 45 Innahum kānū qabla dhālika mutrafīn.
- 46 Wa kānū yuşirrūna 'alal hinthil 'azīm.

- 31 And by water flowing constantly,
- 32 And fruit in abundance.
- 33 (The season of) which is not limited, nor are they (fruit) out of reach,
- 34 And on raised couches (or thrones of dignity).
- 35 Verily, We have created for them (maidens of grace) who are of a special creation.
- 36 And made them virgin-pure (and undefiled).
- 37 Loving (by nature), and of the same age.
- 38 For those Companions of the Right Hand.
- 39 A (large) group will be from the early believers.
- 40 And a (large) group (of the Right Hand) will be from the later generations.
- 41 And the Companions of the Left Hand how (unfortunate) will the Companions of the Left Hand be!
- 42 (They will be) in the midst of a fierce hot wind (blazing fire) and Boiling Water,
- 43 And in the shades of Black Smoke.
- 44 Those shades will be neither cool nor pleasant.
- 45 Verily, before that, they indulged in wealth (and luxury).
- 46 And they persisted in awful (great) sin.

وَكَانُواْ يَقُولُونَ أَبِذَا مِثْنَا وَكُنَّا تُرَابًا وَعِظَمًا أَءِنَّا لَمَبْعُوثُونَ ١ أُوَ ءَابَآؤُنَا ٱلْاوَّلُونَ ١ قُلْ إِنَّ ٱلْأُوَّلِينَ وَٱلْأَخِرِينَ ١ لَمَجْمُوعُونَ إِلَى مِيْقَتِ يَوْمٍ مَّعْلُومٍ ١ ثُمَّ إِنَّكُمْ أَيُّهَا ٱلظَّآلُونَ ٱلْمُكَذِّبُونَ ١ لَأَكِلُونَ مِن شَجَر مِّن زَقُّومٍ ١ فَمَالِئُونَ مِنْهَا ٱلْبُطُونَ ١ فَشَارِبُونَ عَلَيْهِ مِنَ ٱلْحَمِيمِ ٥ فَشَارِبُونَ شُرْبَ ٱلْهِيمِ ٥ هَا ذَا نُزُلُهُمْ يَوْمَ ٱلدِّين ۞ نَحْنُ خَلَقْنَكُمْ فَلَوْلَا تُصَدِّقُونَ ا أَفَرَءَيْتُم مَّا تُمْنُونَ اللَّهِ عَانَتُمْ تَخْلُقُونَهُ وَ أَمْ نَحْنُ ٱلْخَلِقُونَ ۞ نَحْنُ قَدَّرْنَا بَيْنَكُمُ ٱلْمَوْتَ وَمَا نَحْنُ بِمَسْبُوقِينَ ﴿ عَلَنِي أَن تُبَدِّلَ أَمْثَلَكُمْ وَنُنشِعَكُمْ في مَا لَاتَعْلَمُونَ ١

- 47 Wa kānū yaqūlūna a'idhā mitnā wa kunnā turābaw wa 'izāman a'innā lamab'ūthūn.
- 48 Awa ābā'unal awwalūn.
- 49 Qul innal awwalīna wal ākhirīn.
- 50 Lamajmū'ūna ilā mīqāti yawmim ma'lūm.
- 51 Thumma innakum ayyuhad dāllūnal mukadh dhibūn.
- 52 La'ākilūna min shajarim min zaqqūm.
- 53 Famāli'ūna minhal butūn.
- 54 Fashāribūna 'alayhi minal hamīm.
- 55 Fashāribūna shurbal hīm.
- 56 Hādhā nuzuluhum yawmad dīn.
- 57 Naḥnu khalaqnākum falawlā tuṣaddiqūn.
- 58 Afara'aytum mā tumnūn.
- 59 A'antum takhluqūnahū am naḥnul khāliqūn.
- 60 Naḥnu qaddarnā baynakumul mawtu wa mā naḥnu bimasbūqīn.
- 61 'Alā annubaddila amthālakum wa nunshi'akum fī mā lā ta'lamūn.

- 47 And they used to say: "What! When we die and become dust and bones; shall we then, indeed, be resurrected?
- 48 "(We) and also our forefathers?"
- 49 Say (Muḥammad): "(Yes) Indeed, those of earlier times and those of later times.
- 50 "All will surely be gathered together for an appointed Meeting on a well-known Day
- 51 "Then Verily, you, you the errant ones, and deniers of Truth
- 52 "You will surely eat (taste) of the trees of Zaqqūm.
- 53 "And you will fill your bellies with it
- 54 "And drink boiling water on top of that
- 55 "Indeed you will drink (the boiling water) like thirsty camels!"
- 56 Such will be your degradation on the Day of Recompense!
- 57 It is We Who have created you: why then, do you not accept the Truth?
- 58 Do you not see the (semen) you emit?
- 59 Did you create it, or are We the Creators (of it)?
- 60 We have decreed death as your common lot, and We will not be prevented,
- 61 From changing your shapes and creating you (again) in (shapes) that you have no knowledge of.

وَلَقَدْ عَلِمْتُمُ ٱلنَّشْاَةَ ٱلْأُولَى فَلَوْلَا تَذَكَّرُونَ ١ أَفَرَءَيْتُم مَّا تَحْرُثُونَ ۞ ءَأَنتُمْ تَزْرَعُونَهُ وَ أَمْ نَحْنُ ٱلزَّارِعُونَ ۞ لَوْ نَشَآءُ لَجَعَلْنَهُ حُطّمًا فَظَلْتُمْ تَفَكَّهُونَ ١ إِنَّا لَمُغْرَمُونَ ا بَلْ نَحْنُ مَحْرُومُونَ ﴿ أَفَرَءَيْتُمُ ٱلْمَآءَ ٱلَّذِي تَشْرَبُونَ ﴿ عَأَنْتُمْ أَنزَلْتُمُوهُ مِنَ ٱلْمُزْنِ أَمْ نَحْنُ ٱلْمُنزِلُونَ ﴿ لَـوْ نَشَآءُ جَعَلْنَهُ أُجَاجًا فَلَوْلَا تَشْكُرُونَ ۞ أَفَرَءَيْتُمُ ٱلنَّارَ ٱلَّتِي تُورُونَ ۞ ءَأَنْتُمْ أَنْشَأْتُمْ شَجَرَتَهَا أَمْ نُحْنُ ٱلْمُنْشِئُونَ ١ خَيْنُ جَعَلْنَهَا تَذْكِرَةً وَمَتَعًا لِّلْمُقْوِينَ الله فَسَبِّحْ بِأَسْمِ رَبِّكَ ٱلْعَظِيمِ اللهُ وَاللهُ الْعَظِيمِ اللهُ

- 62 Wa laqad 'alimtumun nash'atal ūlā falawla tadhakkarūn.
- 63 Afara'aytum mā taḥruthūn.
- 64 A'antum tazra'ūnahū am naḥnuz zāri'ūn.
- 65 Law nashā laja'alnāhu ḥuṭāman fazaltum tafakkahūn.
- 66 Innā lamughramūn.
- 67 Bal naḥnu maḥrūmūn.
- 68 Afara'aytumul mā'alladhī tashrabūn.
- 69 A'antum anzaltumūhu minal muzni am naḥnul munzilūn.
- 70 Law nashā'u ja'alnāhu ujājan falawlā tashkurūn.
- 71 Afara'aytumun nārallatī tūrūn.
- 72 A'antum ansha'tum shajaratahā am naḥnul munshi'ūn.
- 73 Naḥnu ja'alnāhā tadhkirataw wa matā'al lil muqwīn.
- 74 Fasabbiḥ bismi rabbikal 'azīm.

- 62 And indeed, you already know the first shape of creation.
  Why then, do you not remember (take heed)?
- 63 Do you not see the seed that you sow in the ground?
- 64 Is it you that make it grow, or are We the cause of its growth?
- 65 Were it Our Will, We could crush it into dry powder; and you will be but amazed,
- 66 (Saying): "We have indeed been (ruined) and left with only debts (no profits),
- 67 "Indeed, we have been deprived (of the fruits of our labour)."
- 68 Do you see the water that you drink?
- 69 Is it you that cause it to descend from the rain-clouds, or are We the cause of it?
- 70 If it were Our Will, We could make it into (unpalatable) salt. Why then do you not give thanks (to Allāh)?
- 71 Do you see the Fire that you kindle?
- 72 Is it you that made the tree (which feeds the fire) to grow, or are We the cause of its growth?
- 73 We have made it (the fire) as a reminder (of Hellfire) and an instrument of use.
- 74 Then Glorify with Praises the Name of your Lord the All-Powerful!

ه فَلا أُقْسِمُ بِمَوَاقِعِ ٱلتُّجُومِ ١ وَإِنَّهُ ولَقَسَمُ لَّوْ تَعْلَمُ ونَ عَظِيمٌ ۞ إِنَّهُ ولَقُرْءَانُ كَرِيمٌ ۞ فِي كِتَبِ مَّكْنُونٍ ۞ لَّا يَمَسُّهُ وَ إِلَّا ٱلْمُطَهَّرُونَ ۞ تَنزيلُ مِّن رَّبِ ٱلْعَلَمِينَ ۞ أَفَبِهَذَا ٱلْحَدِيثِ أَنتُم مُّدْهِنُونَ ۞ وَتَجْعَلُونَ رِزْقَكُمْ أَنَّكُمْ تُكَذِّبُونَ ۞ فَلَوْلآ إِذَا بَلَغَتِ ٱلْحُلْقُومَ ۞ وَأَنْتُمْ حِينَيِدٍ تَنظُرُونَ ۞ وَنَحْنُ أَقْرَبُ إِلَيْهِ مِنكُمْ وَلَكِن لَّا تُبْصِرُونَ ١٠ فَلَوْلَا إِن كُنتُمْ غَيْرَ مَدِينِينَ الله تَرْجِعُونَهَا إِنْ كُنتُمْ صَلدِقِينَ اللهِ فَأُمَّا إِن كَانَ مِنَ ٱلْمُقَرَّبِينَ ٥ فَرَوْحُ وَرَيْحَانُ وَجَنَّتُ نَعِيمٍ ٥

- 75 Falā uqsimu bimawāqi'in nujūm.
- 76 Wa innahū laqasamul law ta'lamūna 'azīm.
- 77 Innahū laqur'ānun karīm.
- 78 Fī kitābim maknūn.
- 79 Lā yamassuhū illal muṭah harūn.
- 80 Tanzīlum mirrabbil 'ālamīn.
- 81 Afa bihādhal ḥadīthi antum mudhinūn.
- 82 Wa taj'alūna rizqakum annakum tukadh-dhibūn.
- 83 Falawlā idhā balaghatil hulqūm.
- 84 Wa antum ḥīna'idhin tanzurūn.
- 85 Wa naḥnu aqrabu ilayhi minkum wa lākillā tubṣirūn.
- 86 Falawlā in kuntum ghayra madīnīn.
- 87 Tarji 'ūnahā in kuntum ṣādiqīn.
- 88 Fa'ammā in kāna minal muqarrabīn.
- 89 Farawḥuw wa rayḥānuw wa jannatu na'īm.

- 75 Furthermore I swear by (Decree) the setting of the stars,
- 76 And Verily, that is indeed a mighty oath; if you only knew,
- 77 That this indeed is a most Noble Qur'ān (an honourable recitation),
- 78 In a well-guarded (Preserved Book),
- 79 Which none shall touch, except those who are clean;
- 80 A Revelation from the Lord of the Worlds.
- 81 Is it such an account (discourse) that you treat it with disdain (contempt)?
- 82 And have you made its denial your means of livelihood?
- 83 Then why do you not (intervene) when (the soul of the dying man) reaches his throat?
- 84 And you at that moment are looking on!
- 85 But We are nearer to him than you, although you cannot see
- 86 Then why do you not, if you are exempt from (future) account,
- 87 Return the soul (to the body), if you are truthful (in your claim)
- 88 Then, if he (the dying person) is one of those brought near to Allāh.
- 89 (There is for him) rest, complete satifaction, and a Garden of Delights.

٥٦. سُوْرَة الْوَاقِعَة (٥٦)، آيات ١-٩٦.

- 90 Wa ammā in kāna min aṣḥābil yamīn.
- 91 Fa salāmul laka min aṣḥābil yamīn.
- 92 Wa ammā in kāna minal mukadh-dhibīnad dāllīn.
- 93 Fanuzulum min ḥamīm.
- 94 Wa taşliyatu jaḥīm.
- 95 Inna hādhā lahuwa ḥaqqul yaqīn.
- 96 Fasabbiḥ bismi rabbikal 'aẓīm.

- 90 And if he is of the Companions of the Right Hand,
- 91 (For him is the salutation):
  "Peace be unto you", from the
  Companions of the Right
  Hand.
- 92 And (but) if he is one of those who rejected (truth) and went astray,
- 93 For him there will be a degradation (punishment) with Boiling Water,
- 94 And burning in Hellfire.
- 95 Verily, this is an absolute Truth with Certainty.
- 96 So Glorify with Praises the Name of your Lord, the All-Powerful.

## اَلدُّعَاءُ الَّذِيْ يُقْرَأُ بَعْدَ سُوْرَةِ الْوَاقِعَةِ:

الله مُ صُنْ وُجُوْهَنَا بِالْيَسَارِ، وَلَا تُوْهِنَّا بِالْإِقْتَارِ؛ فَلَا تُوْهِنَّا بِالْإِقْتَارِ؛ فَنَسْتَعْطِفَ شِرَارَ خَلْقِكَ، فَنَسْتَعْطِفَ شِرَارَ خَلْقِكَ، وَنَسْتَعْطِفَ شِرَارَ خَلْقِكَ، وَنَشْتَعْلَ بِحَمْدِ مَنْ أَعْطَانَا، وَنُبْتَلَى بِذَمِّ مَنْ مَنَعَنَا؛ وَأَنْتَ مِنْ وَنَشْتَعْلَ بِحَمْدِ مَنْ أَعْطَانَا، وَنُبْتَلَى بِذَمِّ مَنْ مَنَعَنَا؛ وَأَنْتَ مِنْ وَرَاءِ ذَلِكَ كُلِّهِ أَهْلُ الْعَطَاءِ وَالْمَنْع.

اَللّٰهُمَّ كَمَا صُنْتَ وُجُوْهَنَا عَنِ السُّجُوْدِ إِلَّا لَكَ؛ فَصُنَّا عَنِ السُّجُوْدِ إِلَّا لَكَ؛ فَصُنَّا عَنِ الْحَاجَةِ إِلَّا إِلَيْكَ، بِجُوْدِكَ وَكَرَمِكَ وَفَضْلِكَ،

\* يَا أَرْحَمَ الرَّاحِمِيْنَ. (ثَلاَثًا)

اَغْنِنَا بِفَضْلِكَ عَمَّنْ سِوَاكَ، وَصَلَّى اللهُ عَلَى سَيِّدِنَا مُحَمَّدٍ وَعَلَى آلِهِ وَصَحْبِهِ وَسَلَّمَ.

اللهُمَّ صَلِّ وَسَلِّمْ عَلَى سَيِّدِنَا مُحَمَّدٍ وَعَلَى آلِ سَيِّدِنَا مُحَمَّدٍ وَعَلَى آلِ سَيِّدِنَا مُحَمَّدٍ، وَهَبْ لَنَا بِهِ صَلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَآلِهِ وَسَلَّمَ مِنْ رُزْقِكَ الْحَلَالِ الطَّيِّبِ الْمُبَارَكِ مَا تَصُوْنُ بِهِ وُجُوْهَنَا عَنِ التَّعَرُّض إِلَى أَحَدٍ مِّنْ خَلْقِكَ،

### Supplications after Sūrah al-Wāqi'ah:

Allāhumma şun wujūhanā bil yasār, wa lā tūhinnā bil'iqtār; fa nastarziqa ṭālabī rizqika, wa nasta'ṭifa shirāra khalqika, wa nashtaghila biḥamdi man a'ṭānā, wa nubtalā bidhammi man mana'anā; wa anta miwwarā'i dhālika kullihī ahlul 'aṭā'i wal man'i.

Allāhumma kamā sunta wujūhanā 'anis sujūdi illā laka; fasunnā 'anil ḥājati illā ilayka, bijūdika wa karamika wa faḍlika;

\* Yā arḥamar rāḥimīn.
(3 times)
Aghninā bifaḍlika 'amman siwāka, wa ṣallallāhu 'alā sayyidinā Muḥammadin wa 'alā ālihī wa ṣaḥbihī wa sallam.

Allāhumma ṣalli wa sallim 'alā sayyidinā Muḥammadin wa 'alā āli sayyidinā Muḥammad, wa hab lanā bihī ṣallallāhu 'alayhi wa ālihī wa sallama min rizqikal ḥalāliṭ ṭayyibil mubāraki mā taṣūnu bihī wujūhanā 'anit ta'arruḍi ilā aḥadim min khalqika,

#### Supplications after $S\bar{u}rah$ al- $W\bar{a}qi'ah^{31}$ :

O Allāh! Protect us with solvency, and do not humiliate us with poverty; and my request is that: we seek our livelihood from Your Sustenance; we seek (Your) Mercy from the evil of Your Creation; we busy ourselves by praising those who give us, and we are tested through humiliation by those who withhold from us, while you are the true Causer behind all of that; the Owner of Giving and Withholding.

O Allāh! As You have protected our faces from prostration (to others), except You; so protect us from being in need (of others), but You, with Your Generosity, Magnanimity and Bounty,

\* O the Most Merciful of those who show Mercy. (3 times)
Enrich us with Your Bounties rather than the bounties of others.
And may the Blessings and Peace of Allāh be upon our master
Muḥammad, and upon his family and his Companions.

O Allāh! Bestow Blessings and Peace upon our master Muḥammad, and upon the family of our master Muḥammad, and grant us through him - may the Blessings and Peace of Allāh be upon him and his family - from Your Lawful, Good and Blessed Sustenance, such that You can save us from turning to anyone of Your creation.

وَاجْعَلِ اللَّهُمَّ لَنَا إِلَيْهِ طَرِيْقًا سَهْلًا مِنْ غَيْرِ فِتْنَةٍ وَلَا مِحْنَةٍ وَلَا مِنَّةٍ وَلَا مِنَّةٍ وَلَا مِنَّةٍ وَلَا مِنَّةٍ وَلَا مِنَّةٍ وَلَا مَنَّةٍ وَلَا مَنَّةٍ وَلَا مَنَّةٍ وَلَا تَبْعَةٍ لِأَحَدٍ؛

وَجَنَّبْنَا اللَّهُمَّ الْحَرَامَ حَيْثُ كَانَ، وَأَيْنَ كَانَ، وَعِنْدَ مَنْ كَانَ، وَحُلْ بَيْنَنَا وَبَيْنَ أَهْلِهِ، وَاقْبِضْ عَنَّا أَيْدِيَهُمْ، وَاصْرِفْ عَنَّا وُجُوْهَهُمْ وَقُلُوْبَهُمْ حَتَّى لَا نَتَقَلَّبَ إِلَّا فِيْمَا يُرْضِيْكَ، وَلَا نَسْتَعِيْنَ بِنِعْمَتِكَ إِلَّا فِيْمَا تُحِبُّهُ وَتَرْضَاهُ يُرْضِيْكَ، وَلَا نَسْتَعِيْنَ بِنِعْمَتِكَ إِلَّا فِيْمَا تُحِبُّهُ وَتَرْضَاهُ بِرَحْمَتِكَ يَا أَرْحَمَ الرَّاحِمِيْنَ.

اَللّٰهُمّ إِنْ كَانَ رِزْقُنَا فِي السَّمَآءِ فَأَنْزِلْهُ، وَإِنْ كَانَ فِي السَّمَآءِ فَأَنْزِلْهُ، وَإِنْ كَانَ مُعَسَّرًا فَيَسِّرْهُ، وَإِنْ كَانَ مُعَسَّرًا فَيَسِّرْهُ، وَإِنْ كَانَ قَلِيْلًا بَعِيْدًا فَقَرِّبْهُ، وَإِنْ كَانَ حَرَامًا فَطَهِّرْهُ، وَإِنْ كَانَ قَلِيْلًا فَكَثِّرْهُ، وَإِنْ كَانَ مَعْدُوْمًا فَأَوْجِدْهُ، وَإِنْ كَانَ مَوْقُوْفًا فَأَوْجِدْهُ، وَإِنْ كَانَ مَوْقُوْفًا فَأَجْرِهِ، وَإِنْ كَانَ مَعْدُوْمُ، وَإِنْ كَانَ مَوْقُوفًا فَأَجْرِهِ، وَإِنْ كَانَ سَيِّئَةً فَامْحُهَا، وَإِنْ كَانَ سَيِّئَةً فَامْحُهَا، وَإِنْ كَانَ حَطِيْئَةً فَامْحُهَا، وَإِنْ كَانَ سَيِّئَةً فَامْحُهَا، وَإِنْ كَانَ حَطِيْئَةً فَتَجَاوَزْ عَنْهَا،

Wajʻalillāhumma lanā ilayhi tarīqan sahlan min ghayri fitnatin wa lā miḥnatin wa lā minnatin wa lā tabʻatin li'aḥadin; Wa jannibnallāhummal ḥarāma ḥaythu kāna, wa ayna kāna, wa ʻinda man kāna, wa ḥul baynanā wa bayna ahlihī, waqbiḍ ʻannā aydiyahum, waṣrif ʻannā wujūhahum wa qulūbahum ḥattā lā nataqallaba illā fīmā yurḍīka, wa lā nastaʻīna bini'matika illā fīmā tuḥibbuhū wa tarḍāhu biraḥmatika yā arḥamar rāḥimīn.

Allāhumma in kāna rizqunā fissamā'i fa'anzilhu, wa in kāna fil arḍi fa'akhrijhu, wa in kāna mu'assaran fayassirhu, wa in kāna ba'īdan faqarribhu, wa in kāna ḥarāman faṭahhirhu, wa in kāna qalīlan fakath-thirhu, wa in kāna ma'dūman fa'awjidhu, wa in kāna mawqūfan fa'ajrihī, wa in kāna dhamban faghfirhu, wa in kāna sayyi'an famḥuhā, wa in kāna khaṭī'atan fatajāwaz 'anhā,

Pave, O Allāh! For us an easy way towards it, without any temptations, trials or human favours, and without following anyone (other than the Prophet), and keep us away, O Allāh! From the unlawful, wherever it is, and whenever it is, and with whosoever it is; and come between us and those who commit the unlawful, and safeguard us from their actions, and divert from us their faces and their hearts, so that we do not change except to that which pleases You; and we do not ask You of Your Bounty, except for that which You are pleased and satisfied with, O the Most Merciful of those who show Mercy.

O Allāh! If our sustenance is in the Heaven, then send it down (to us); and if it is in the earth, then extract it for us; and if it is difficult (to obtain), then make it easy for us (to obtain); and if it is far away, then bring it closer to us; and if (the acquisition thereof) is forbidden, then purify it for us; and if it is little, then increase it for us; and if it is non-existent, then create it for us; and if it is suspended, then make it flow towards us. And if (the acquisition thereof) is a sin, forgive it (the sin), and if it is a wrongdoing, erase it, and if it is an abominable act, then remove it, and if it is a mistake, then overlook it,

وَإِنْ كَانَ عَثْرَةً فَأَقِلْهَا؛ وَبَارِكْ لَنَا فِيْ جَمِيْعِ ذَٰلِكَ، إِنَّكَ مَلِيْكُ مُّقْتَدِرٌ وَمَا تَشَآؤُهُ مِنْ أَمْرٍ يَكُوْنُ، يَا مَنْ إِذَا أَرَادَ شَيْئًا إِنَّمَا يَقُوْلُ لَهُ كُنْ فَيَكُوْنُ.

﴿ سُبْحَنَ رَبِكَ رَبِ ٱلْعِزَّةِ عَمَّا يَصِفُونَ ۞ وَسَلَمُ عَلَى الْمُرْسَلِينَ ۞ وَالْحُمْدُ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ ٱلْعَلَمِينَ ۞ ﴿ (٥٧) الْمُرْسَلِينَ ۞ وَٱلْحُمْدُ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ ٱلْعَلَمِينَ ۞ ﴿ (٥٧)

Wa in kāna 'athratan fa'aqilhā; wa bārik lanā fī jamī'i dhālika, innaka malīkum muqtadirun wa mā tashā'uhū min amrin yakūn, yā man idhā arāda shay'an innamā yaqūlu lahū kun fayakūn,

Subḥāna rabbika rabbil 'izzati 'ammā yaṣifūn. Wa salāmun 'alal mursalīn. Walḥamdu lillāhi rabbil 'ālamīn. [Sūrah Al-Ṣāffāt (37), Āyāt 180-182]

and if it is a slip, then minimize it, and bless us in all of these, for You are the Owner of everything, the Creator of all Power, and whatever You desire will be; O You Who, whenever You want something to be done, says: "Be, and it is."

Glory be to your Lord; the Lord of Honour and Power Who is far superior than what they attribute to Him; And Peace be on the Messengers; And Praise be to Allāh, the Lord and Cherisher of the Worlds. [Sūrah Al-Ṣāffāt (37), Verses 180-182]